24V 480W 1 Phase / DRM-24V480W1PN





Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage range
- High power density in corrosion resistant aluminium casing
- Power Boost of 150% up to 7 seconds
- Advanced Power Boost (APB)
- DNV GL and ABS approvals for maritime applications
- Extreme low temperature cold start at -40°C
- Built-in DC OK Contact and LED indicator for DC OK/
- Conformal coating on PCBAs to protect against common dust and chemical pollutants
- Certified according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1

Safety Standards













CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x D): 124 x 82 x 127 mm

DRM-24V480W1PN 1.40 kg (3.09 lb) (4.88 x 3.23 x 5.00 inch)

General Description

Delta Electronics is introducing one of the slimmest DIN rail industrial power supplies in its class, the CliQ M DIN rail power supply series. To fulfill the demands in maritime applications, the product is designed according to major industrial and maritime (Lloyd's Register) safety standards. Other features include compliance with harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, class A, built-in DC OK contacts, and an LED for indicating DC OK and Overload conditions. In addition to having Power Boost of 150% up to 7 seconds, the CliQ M series is the first in the CliQ family to feature Advanced Power Boost (APB). With multiple loads connected in a system, a large inrush current could be drawn (demanded) due to one fault load. This will be detected by APB. The APB will trip the circuit breaker (circuit breaker with appropriate rating based on the system load) on the current path of the fault load due to high current. This thus prevents the system from shutting down while the other connected current paths continue to operate without interruption.

Model Information

CliQ M DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
DRM-24V480W1PN	85-276Vac (88-375Vdc)	24Vdc	20.0A

Model Numbering

DR	M -	24V	480W	1	Р	N
DIN Rail	CliQ M Series	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	Advanced Power Boost (APB)	N - Metal Case, without Class I, Div 2 and ATEX approvals



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Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

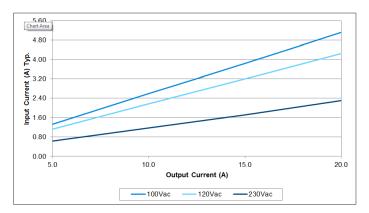
Nominal Input Voltage		100-240Vac	Applicable for TN-, TT and IT mains networks
Input Voltage Range		85-276Vac	Continuously operating
Input Frequency Nom.		50-60Hz	Range: 47-63Hz
Nominal DC Input Voltage	Nominal DC Input Voltage		
DC input Voltage Range*		88-375Vdc	Continuously operating, with safety approval according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1.

		100Vac	120Vac	230Vac		
Input Current	Тур.	5.11A	4.24A	2.29A	At 24V, 20A. Refer to Fig. 1 on page 3.	
	Max.	5.30A	4.60A	2.50A	At 24V, 20A.	
Efficiency	Тур.	93.37%	93.83%	94.17%	At 24V, 20A. Refer to Fig. 2 on page 3.	
	Min.	91.40%	92.20%	93.40%	At 24V, 20A.	
Average Efficiency	Тур.	92.25%	92.54%	92.86%	At 24V 5.0A (25%), 24V 10.0A (50%)	
	Min.	90.50%	91.50%	92.00%	24V 15.0A (75%), 24V 20.0A (100%)	
Max Power Dissipation	Тур.	5.29W	4.75W	2.84W	At 24V, 0A. Refer to Fig. 3 on page 3.	
	Max.	9.20W	9.40W	10.20W	At 24V, 0A.	
	Тур.	34.08W	31.58W	29.70W	At 24V, 20A. Refer to Fig. 3 on page 3.	
	Max.	46.00W	40.60W	34.00W	At 24V, 20A.	
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	Тур.	11A	9A	7A	Entire operating temperature range	
	Max.	13A				
Max Inrush Energy (Cold Start)	Max.		5A ² s			
Power Factor	Тур.	0.99	0.99	0.95	At 24V, 20A. Refer to Fig. 4 at page 3.	
	Min.	0.93	0.92	0.87	At 24V, 20A.	
Crest Factor	Max.	1.6	1.7	2.05	At 24V, 20A.	
Leakage Current		< 0.31mA	/ 0.77mA		110Vac, 50Hz, TN/TT system / IT system	
(Enclosure to Neutral)		< 0.45mA	/ 1.13mA		132Vac, 50Hz, TN/TT system / IT system	
		< 0.80mA / 2.00mA			264Vac, 50Hz, TN/TT system / IT system	

^{*}Safety approval according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 and IEC/EN/UL 62368-1.



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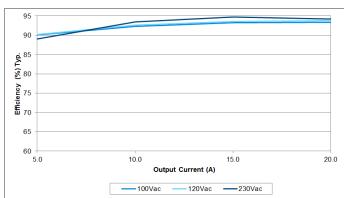


Fig. 1 Input Current Vs Output Load at 24V

35.00 EX 25.00 Output Current (A)

Fig. 2 Efficiency Vs Output Load at 24V

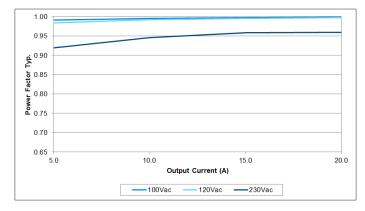


Fig. 3 Max Power Dissipation Vs Output Load at 24V

Fig. 4 Power Factor Vs Output Load at 24V



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Output Ratings / Characteristics*

Nominal Output Voltage		24Vdc			
Factory Set Point Tolerance		24Vdc ± 1.0%			
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		24-28Vdc			
Output Current	Nom.	20.0A / 17.0A	Continuously operating at 24V / 28V		
	Nom.	30.0A / 25.5A (Slew rate 0.1A/µs)	Power Boost for 5 seconds at 24V / 28V, refer to the details in the Function section		
Output Power	Nom.	480W / 476W	Continuously operating at 24V / 28V		
	Nom.	720W / 714W	Power Boost for 5 seconds at 24V / 28V, refer to the details in the Functions section		
Power Boost Duration	Тур.	5 seconds			
	Max.	7 seconds	Duration after which output voltage start to droop. Refer to the details in the Function section at Overload & Overcurrent Protections		
Power Boost Recovery Time	Тур.	17 seconds	Required wait duration before next Powe Boost is taken, refer to the details in the Function section		
Advanced Power Boost	Тур.	40A @ 50ms, resistive load	Output voltage will drop (Refer to the		
(Slew rate 0.1A/µs)	Тур.	100A @ 2ms, resistive load	details in the Function section)		
	Тур.	100A @ 5ms, resistive load			
Line Regulation	Max.	. 10mV (@ 85-276Vac input, 100% load)			
Load Regulation	Max.	100mV (@ 85-276Vac input, 0-100% load)			
PARD**	Max.	100mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm, warm up for 10mins		

^{*}For power de-rating from 60°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 10.
**PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitor & 47µF electrolytic capacitor.

		100Vac	120Vac	230Vac	
Rise Time	Max.	100ms			0μF, 24V, 20A.
	Max.		100ms		20,000μF, 24V, 20A.
Start-up Time	Max.		1000ms		At 24V, 20A.
Hold-up Time	Тур.		90ms		At 24V, 10A.
	Min.		62ms		At 24V, 10A.
	Тур.		43ms		At 24V, 20A.
	Min.		30ms		At 24V, 20A.
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	Max.	± 5% @ 0-100% load		d	Slew rate 0.1A/µs (@ 5Hz, 50Hz & 1kHz, 50% Duty Cycle)
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	Max.	20,000µF			
Output Capacitance	Тур.	8,500 μF Built-in output capacito		Built-in output capacitors	
Functional	DC OK Relay Contact				"ON" (closed) when the output (Vout) is



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Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Aluminium		
Dimensions (L x W x D)		124 x 82 x 127 mm (4.88 x 3.23 x 5.00 inch)		
Unit Weight		1.40 kg (3.09 lb)		
Indicator	Green LED	DC OK		
	Red LED	Overload		
Cooling System		Convection		
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 600V/35A)		
	Output	6 Pins (Rated 300V/28A)		
Wire	Input	AWG 18-8		
	Output	AWG 14-12		
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715		
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dBA		

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-25°C to +70°C (Cold start	-40°C)	
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C		
Power De-rating	Vertical Mounting	> 60°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C		
	Horizontal Mounting	> 40°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C		
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Conder	nsing)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters (16,400 ft.) for ITE application 0 to 2,500 Meters (8,200 ft.) for Industrial application		
Shock Test	Non-Operating	IEC 60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 30G for a duration of 18ms; 3 times per direction, 6 times in total		
Vibration	Non-Operating	1		
Bump Test Operating		IEC 60068-2-29, Half Sine Wave: 10G for a duration of 11ms, 1,000 times per direction, 6,000 times in total		
Over Voltage Category		III	According to IEC/EN 62477-1 / EN 60204-1 (clearance and creepage distances) and IEC 62103 (safety part)	
Pollution Degree		2		



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Protections

Overvoltage	28.8 – 35.2V, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)	Refer to the details in the Function section			
Overload / Overcurrent	> 150% of rated load current, Constant current, Hiccup Mode (Auto-Recovery)	Refer to the details in the Function section			
Over Temperature	< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)	Refer to the details in the Function section			
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)	Load impedance ≤ 100mOhm, refer to the details in the Function section			
Transient Surge Voltage Protection	MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)				
Internal Fuse at L pin	T8A	T8A			
Degree of Protection	IP20	IP20			
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection	Class I with PE* connection			

^{*}PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

MTBF (as per Telcordia SR-332)

	468,900 hrs.		I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 24V, 20A, Ta: 40°C
	100Vac	230Vac	
Expected Cap Life Time**	131,4	100 hrs.	O/P: 24V, 20A, Ta: 25°C
	89,880 hrs.	103,300 hrs.	O/P: 24V, 20A, Ta: 40°C
	131,400 hrs.		O/P: 24V, 10A, Ta: 40°C

778,800 hrs.



I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 24V, 20A, Ta: 25°C

^{**}Estimated lifetime when 24 hours operating a day and E-cap's manufacturer guarantee at 131,400 hrs (15 years) as maximum limit of lifetime.

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Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Equipment of Machines		EN 60204-1 (over volta	ge category III)	
Electrical Equipment for Use in Electrical Power Installations		IEC/EN 62477-1 / IEC 62103		
Safety Entry Low Voltage		PELV* (EN 60204-1), S	SELV (EN 60950-1)	
Electrical Safety	SIQ Bauart	EN 60950-1, EN 62368 EN 61010-2-201	3-1, EN 61558-1, EN 61558-2-16, EN 61010-1,	
	UL/cUL recognized		C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395) C22.2 No. 62368-1 (File No. E191395)	
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1, IEC 62368-1, IEC 61558-1, IEC 61558-2-16, IEC 61010-1, IEC 61010-2-201		
Industrial Control Equipment	UL/cUL listed	UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E315355)		
CS		CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. 181564)		
Maritime	DNV GL	Germanischer Lloyd classified		
	ABS	American Bureau for Shipping) PDA Environmental category: C, EMC2		
CE	·	In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU		
Galvanic Isolation		4.54KVac	Input / Output	
		2.5KVac	Input / PE	
		4.54KVac	Input / DC OK relay contact**	
		1.5KVac	Output / PE	
		0.5KVac	Output / DC OK relay contact	
		1.5KVac	DC OK relay contact / PE	
Isolation Resistance		> 5MOhm	Input to Output, 500Vdc	
PE Resistance		< 0.10hm		

^{*}Output must be earthed in the final unit in order to comply with PELV requirements according to standard EN 60204-1.
**Recommend to connect DC OK pins together with output pins.



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EMC

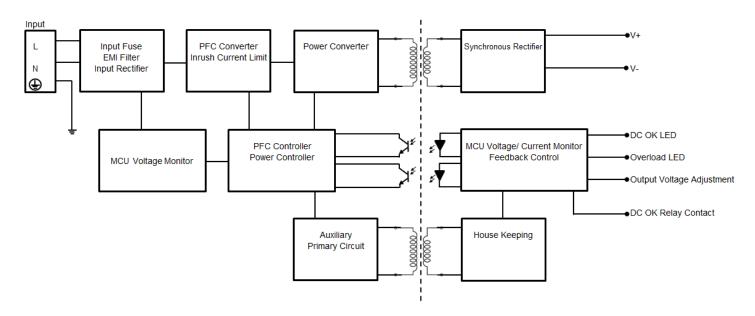
Emissions (CE & RE)	Generic Standards: EN 61000-6-3 CISPR 32, EN 55032, KN 32, CISPR 11, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B				
Component Power Supply for General U	lse	EN 61204-3			
Immunity		Generic Standards: EN 55024	, KN 35, EN 61000-6-	2	
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV			
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1kHz) 1.4GHz-2GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz) 2GHz-2.7GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz)			
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ 4kV			
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ³⁾ : 4kV Differential Mode ⁴⁾ : 2kV			
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms			
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ 30A/Meter			
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	0% of 100Vac 0Vac, 20ms Criteria A¹) 40% of 100Vac 40Vac, 200ms Criteria A¹) 70% of 100Vac 70Vac, 500ms Criteria A¹) 0% of 100Vac 0Vac, 5000ms Criteria B²) 0% of 240Vac 0Vac, 20ms Criteria A¹) 40% of 240Vac 96Vac, 200ms Criteria A¹) 70% of 240Vac 168Vac, 500ms Criteria A¹) 0% of 240Vac 0Vac, 5000ms Criteria B²)			
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12				
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A			
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3			
Voltage Sag Immunity SEMI F47 – 0706		80% of 120Vac 96Vac, 1000ms Criteria A ¹⁾ 70% of 120Vac 84Vac, 500ms Criteria A ¹⁾ 50% of 120Vac 60Vac, 200ms Criteria A ¹⁾			



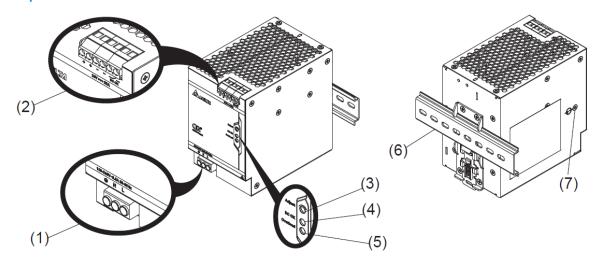
Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
 Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable
 Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
 Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

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Block Diagram



Device Description



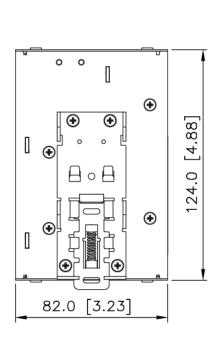
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output and DC OK relay contact terminal block connector
- 3) DC Voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK LED (Green)
- 5) Overload LED (Red)
- 6) Universal mounting rail system
- 7) Gas discharge tube (on left side of housing) used for surge protection. Disconnect gas discharge tube (by removing Philips head screw) during dielectric test of > 0.9KVac or 1.3KVdc

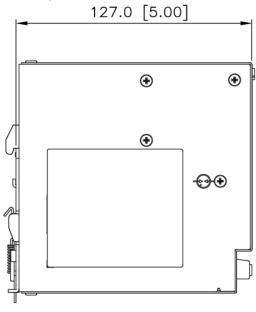


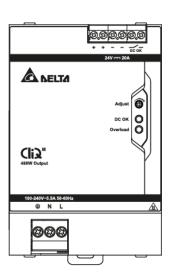
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Dimensions

L x W x D: 124 x 82 x 127 mm (4.88 x 3.23 x 5.00 inch)







Engineering Data

Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

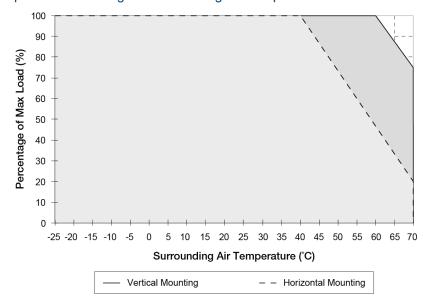


Fig. 5 De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation > 60°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation > 40°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

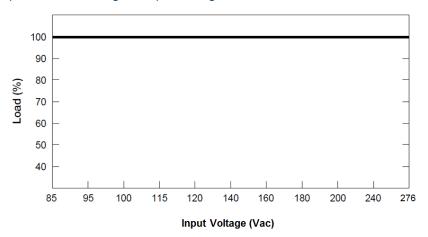
Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 5.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 5 under "Environment", the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



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Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



 No output power de-rating for the input voltage range

Assembly & Installation

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. For Vertical Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom. For Horizontal Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block on the left side.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail. Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 6.1.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.
- 5. To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 6.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

Mounting

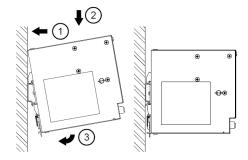


Fig. 6.1 Mounting

Dismounting

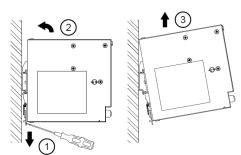


Fig. 6.2 Dismounting

In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 60950 and EN 62368 / UL 62368, flexible cables require ferrules. Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of:

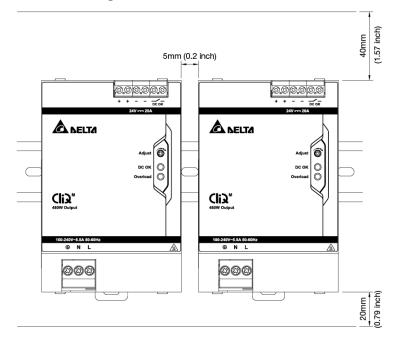
- 1. 60°C, 60°C / 75°C for USA
- 2. At least 90°C for Canada and IEC/EN61010-1, IEC/EN61010-2-201.



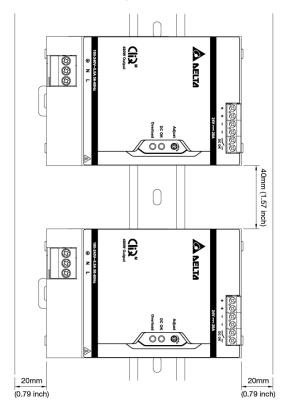
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Safety Instructions

Vertical Mounting



Horizontal Mounting



- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the device. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- If the unit is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, please refer to the following instructions to ensure sufficient clearance around the device.

<u>Vertical Mounting:</u> 40mm (1.57 inch) above and 20mm (0.79 inch) below the device as well as a lateral distance of 5mm (0.2 inch) to other units. In case the adjacent device is a heat source, the lateral distance will be 15mm (0.6 inch). <u>Horizontal Mounting:</u> 40mm (1.57 inch) above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 20mm (0.79 inch) to other units.

- The external enclosure where the unit will be installed shall meet the requirements for mechanical, electrical and fire enclosure.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load connected to the device. Risk of burns!
- The main power must be turned off before connecting or disconnecting wires to the terminals.
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Dangerous voltages present for at least 5 minutes after disconnected all sources of power.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.



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Functions

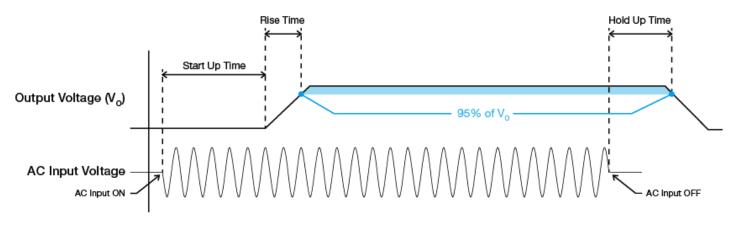
DC OK Relay Contacts and LED Indicator Characteristics

Operating Status	DC OK (Green LED)	Overload (Red LED)	DC OK Relay Contact	
Normal Operation	ON	OFF	Closed	
During Power Boost	ON	OFF	Closed	
Overload (Vout ≤ 90% of adjusted voltage)	OFF	ON	Open	
Output Short Circuit	OFF	Flashing	Open	
Over Temperature	OFF	Flashing	Open	
No Input Power	OFF	OFF	Open	



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■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage before output voltage rise up, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

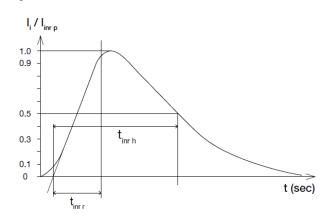
The time required for the output voltage to change from 0% to 95% of its final steady state set value.

Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

Inrush Current

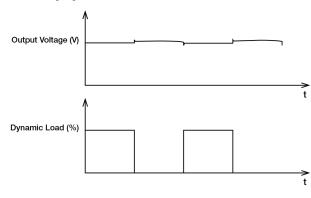
Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within ±5% of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0% to 100% of its rated current.

50% duty cycle / 5Hz to 1KHz

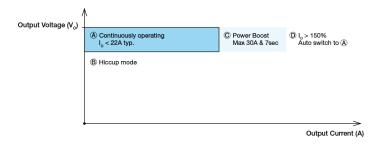




24V 480W 1 Phase / DRM-24V480W1PN

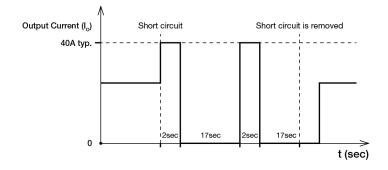
Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current is > 150% of Io (output current). When this occurs, the output current will limit to 22A typ. (refer to A below) and Vo (output voltage) will start to droop. Once Vo is below approximately 18Vdc typ., the power supply will start to operate in "Hiccup mode" as described in short circuit protection. The power supply will recover once the fault condition due to OLP or OCP is removed, then Io is back within its specified limits.



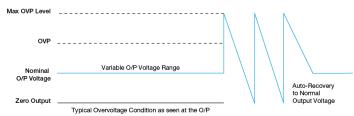
Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output Short Circuit Protection function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will start to operate in "Hiccup mode". The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.



Overvoltage Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 6 under "Protections".



Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the derating graph.



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Power Boost

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 150% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 7 seconds. If the power boost lasts longer than maximum duration, the output current will limit to 22A typ. and V₀ (output voltage) will start to droop, refer to the details in overload & overcurrent protections and the next Power Boost will be available after power boost recovery time defined on Page 4. In order to avoid this, need to maintain the duty cycle & recovery time to ensure that average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed the continuous maximum, see duty cycle calculation below.

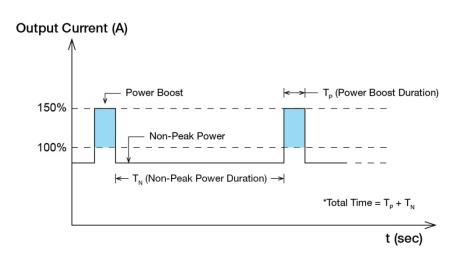


Fig. 7 Duty Cycle Calculation

$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non\text{-}Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Non\text{-}Peak\ Power = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W _P)	Power Boost Duration (T _P)	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W _N)	Non-Peak Power Duration (T _N)	Total Time (T)
150%	720	1 sec	10%	187W	9 sec	10 sec
150%	720	5 sec	30%	31W	11.5 sec	16.5 sec
125%	600	1 sec	10%	200W	9 sec	10 sec
125%	600	5 sec	30%	83W	11.5 sec	16.5 sec



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Advanced Power Boost (APB)

With multiple loads connected in a system and due to one of fault load a large inrush current is drawn (demanded), this will be detected by APB. This APB can trip the external output protection device with appropriate rating based on system load. Thus preventing the system from shutting down while other connected current paths continue to operate without interruption.

The following waveforms demonstrate the behavior.

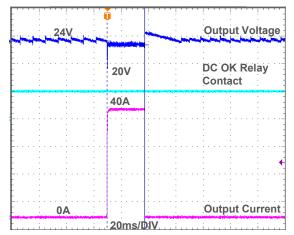


Fig. 8.1 APB 200% of nominal output current for 50ms

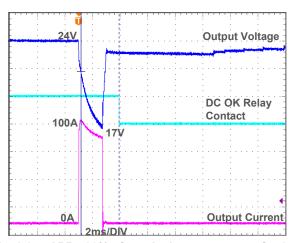


Fig. 8.2 APB 500% of nominal output current for 2ms

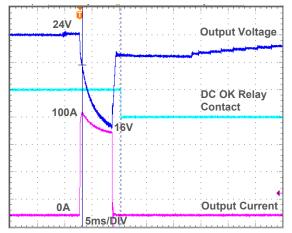


Fig. 8.3 APB 500% of nominal output current for 5ms

External Input Protection Device

The unit is protected at the L pin, with an internal fuse that cannot be replaced. The power supply has been tested and approved on 20A (UL) and 16A (IEC) branch circuits without additional protection device. An external protection device is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than above. Thus, if an external protective device is necessary, or, utilized, please refer a minimum value of 10A B- or 6A C- characteristic breaker.



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Operating Mode

■ Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply units (PSUs), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.45~0.50V for these 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then $V_{\rm O}$ of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect each power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to Vin 1 & Vin 2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the right of above diagram.

Step 3.

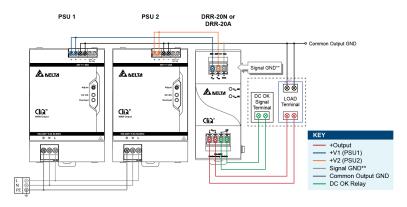
Connect the system load to V_{out} . Please note that output voltage V_{out} from DRR module will be = V_{O} (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^* (in DRR module).

*Vdrop will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.



**The Signal GND in the DRR module is for the built-in LED and DC OK signals. The Output GND terminals from the two PSU's do not need to be connected to the Signal GND terminal.

Fig. 9 Redundant Operation Connection Diagram

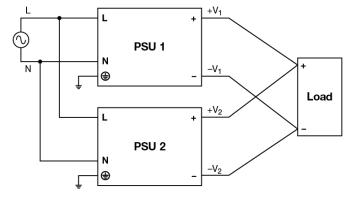


Fig. 10 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



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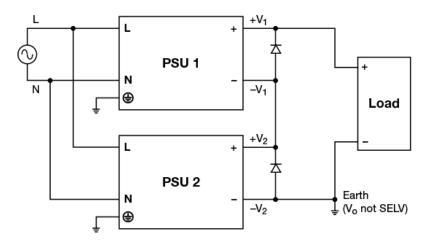
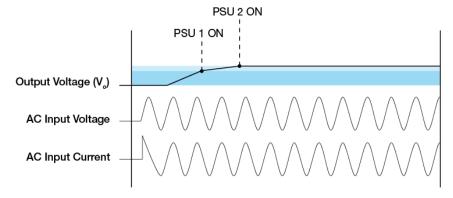


Fig. 11 Series Operation Connection Diagram

■ Series Operation

Delta's CliQ M can be connected in series to increase the output voltage as shown in figure above. Only power supply from the same product series, and with the same rated output current, can be used. The maximum load current should not exceed the smallest rated output current. Any number of power supplies can be connected in series. User must note that an output voltage > 60Vdc will not meet SELV requirements, and can be dangerous. Under any circumstances, the total voltage shall not exceed 150Vdc. When the total voltage exceeds the SELV limit of 60Vdc, a protective barrier that protects against touching the output terminals must be installed. The output ground (DC Return) terminals of each power supply must also be connected to Earth ground. A diode in reverse bias must be added across output terminals of each power supply. This is to prevent -V voltage being applied to other power supply in fault conditions such as short circuit across load. During the short circuit -V₁ & +V₁ will be connected across +V₂ & -V₂ which means the 2 power supply output will be connected in opposite polarity; and may, cause damage to one or both power supplies. With diode connected in reverse bias across the output, the voltage across each power supply output will be restricted to one diode drop – approximately 0.7V to 1.0V. It is recommended to provide sufficient voltage de-rating for diodes with 2 times the voltage rating of series output voltage. Example: When two 24V power supplies are connected in series, the total voltage is 48 volts. Hence, it is recommended to use diodes with reverse voltage rating of 2x48=96 volts. Therefore diodes with reverse voltage rating of 100 volts can be used.

During the short circuit condition, the current through diodes will be large, hence it is recommended that diodes to be least twice the current rating of the power supply.



The turn ON would be non-monotonic as the power supply with the fastest startup time and rise time will turn on first. As a result, the combined output voltage waveform of the 2 power supplies connected in series will include a step.

User must consider to verify parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time would differ from datasheet numbers as multiple power supplies in series.



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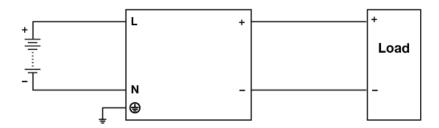


Fig. 12 DC Input Operation Connection Diagram

■ DC Input Operation

Step 1.

Use a battery or similar DC source.

Step 2

Connect +pole to L and -pole to N.

Step 3.

Connect the PE terminal to an earth wire or to the machine ground.

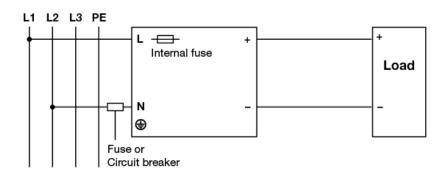


Fig. 13 2 of 3 Phase System Input Operation Connection Diagram

■ 2 of 3 Phase System Input Operation

Delta's CliQ M can use on 2 of 3 phase system. Please refer to the following step.

Step 1.

The input voltage applied from Line to Neutral is below the maximum rated input. The input voltage shall be below 240Vac +10%.

Step 2

The external protector is needed on N (Neutral) input line to secure a safety. N line does not have internal fuse protection. An appropriate fuse or circuit breaker should be connected in series with N input line connection like the following.



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Others

Conformal Coating



The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2





Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to **www.DeltaPSU.com** for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

