24V 120W 1 Phase / DRM-24V120W1PN





Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage range
- High power density in corrosion resistant aluminium casing
- Power Boost of 150% for 5 seconds
- Advanced Power Boost (APB) prevents system shutdown due to faulty load on a multiple loads connection
- Built-in DC OK Contact and LED indicator for DC OK/ Overload
- Conformal coating on PCBAs to protect against common dust and chemical pollutants

Safety Standards









CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: DRM-24V120W1PN

Unit Weight: 0.63 kg

Dimensions (L x W x D): 124 x 40 x 117 mm

General Description

Delta Electronics is introducing one of the slimmest DIN rail industrial power supplies in its class, the CliQ M DIN rail power supply series. To fulfill the demands in maritime applications, the product is designed according to major industrial and maritime (Lloyd's Register) safety standards. Other features include compliance with harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, class A. In addition to having Power Boost of 150% for 5 seconds, the CliQ M series is the first in the CliQ family to feature Advanced Power Boost (APB). When large outrush current due to faulty load on a current path of a multiple loads connection is detected by APB, APB will be activated to trip the circuit breaker on that current path. This thus prevents the system from shutting down while the other connected current paths continue to operate without interruption. Additionally, the product also includes built-in DC OK contact and LED indicator for DC OK/ Overload.

Model Information

CliQ M DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage	Output Current
DRM-24V120W1PN	85-264Vac (88-375Vdc)	24Vdc	5.0A

Model Numbering

DR	M -	24V	120W	1	Р	N
DIN Rail	CliQ M Series	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	Peak Current Capability	N - Metal Case, without Class I, Div 2



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRM-24V120W1PN

Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

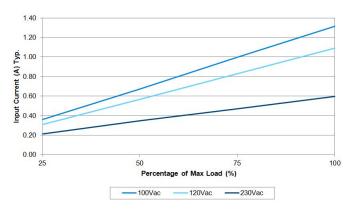
Nominal Input Voltage		100-240Vac	Applicable for TN-, TT and IT mains networks
Input Voltage Range		85-264Vac	Continuously operating
Input Frequency	Nom.	50-60Hz	±3% range (47-63Hz)
Nominal DC Input Voltage		110-300Vdc	
DC input Voltage Range*		88-375Vdc	Continuously operating

		100Vac	120Vac	230Vac	
Input Current	Тур.	1.31A	1.09A	0.60A	At 24V, 5A. Refer to Fig. 1
	Max.	1.34A	1.12A	0.62A	At 24V, 5A.
Efficiency	Тур.	91.09%	91.77%	92.80%	At 24V, 5A. Refer to Fig. 2
	Min.	90.50%	91.60%	92.70%	At 24V, 5A.
Average Efficiency	Тур.	89.49%	89.87%	89.59%	At 24V, 1.25A (25% load), 2.50A (50%
	Min.	89.00%	89.40%	89.10%	load), 3.75A (75% load)
Max Power Dissipation	Тур.	2.57W	2.16W	1.80W	At 24V, 0A. Refer to Fig. 3
	Max.	3.70W	3.80W	4.30W	At 24V, 0A.
	Тур.	11.69W	10.72W	9.27W	At 24V, 5A. Refer to Fig. 3
	Max.	12.60W	11.00W	9.40W	At 24V, 5A.
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	Тур.	5.2A	5.5A	10.1	Entire temperature range
	Max.		15.0A		
Max Inrush Energy (Cold Start)	Max.		1A ² s		
Power Factor	Тур.	0.99	0.99	0.93	At 24V, 5A. Refer to Fig. 4
	Min.	0.99	0.99	0.91	At 24V, 5A.
Crest Factor	Max.	1.48	1.55	1.71	At 24V, 5A
Leakage Current		< 0.18mA / 0.46mA			110Vac, 50Hz, TN/TT system / IT system
(Enclosure to Neutral)		< 0.22mA / 0.54mA			132Vac, 50Hz, TN/TT system / IT system
		< 0.45mA / 1.08mA			264Vac, 50Hz, TN/TT system / IT system

^{*}Safety approval according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1.



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRM-24V120W1PN



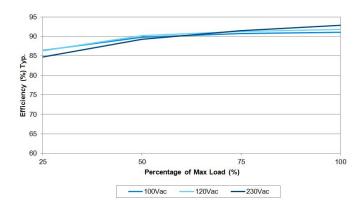
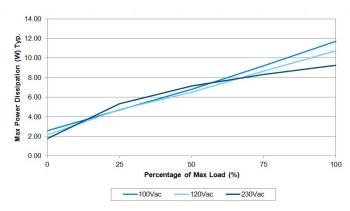


Fig. 1 Input Current Vs Output Load at 24V

Fig. 2 Efficiency Vs Output Load at 24V



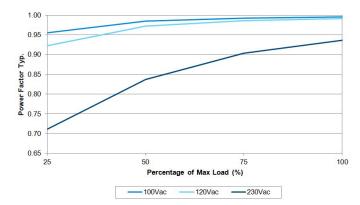


Fig. 3 Max Power Dissipation Vs Output Load at 24V

Fig. 4 Power Factor Vs Output Load at 24V



24V 120W 1 Phase / DRM-24V120W1PN

Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage	24Vdc					
Output Voltage Tolerance		± 0.2% (initial set point tolerance from factory)				
Output Voltage Adjustment Range		24-28Vdc				
Output Current	Nom.	5.0A / 4.5A			Continuously operating at 24V / 28V	
	Nom.			:)	Power Boost for 5 seconds at 24V / 28V refer to the details in the Function section	
Output Power	Nom.	120W			Continuously operating	
	Nom.	180W			Power Boost for 5 seconds, refer to the details in the Functions section	
Power Boost Duration	Тур.	5 seconds				
	Max.	7 seconds			Duration after which output voltage start to droop, refer to the details in the Function section at Overload & Overcurrent Protections	
Power Boost Recovery Time	Тур.	14 seconds			Required wait duration before next Powe Boost is taken, refer to the details in the Function section	
Advanced Power Boost	Тур.	10A @ 50n			Output voltage will drop (Refer to the	
(Slew rate 0.1A/µsec)	Тур. Тур.	20A @ 2ms, resistive load 20A @ 5ms, resistive load			details in the Function section)	
Line Regulation	Max.	20mV (@ 85-264Vac input, 100% load)			0% load)	
Load Regulation	Max.	100mV (@	85-264Va	ac input, 0-	-100% load)	
PARD	Max.	50mVpp			20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm, warm up for 10mins	
		100Vac	120Vac	230Vac		
Rise Time	Max.		20ms		0μF, 24V, 5A	
	Max.		50ms		5,000µF, 24V, 5A	
Start-up Time	Max.		750ms		·	
Hold-up Time	Тур.		180ms		At 24V, 2.5A	
·	Min.	66ms	66ms	127ms		
	Тур.		90ms		At 24V, 5A	
	Min.	34ms	34ms	65ms	At 24V, 5A	
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	Max.	± 5% @ 0-			Slew rate 0.1A/µsec (@ 5Hz, 50Hz & 1kHz, 50% Duty Cycle)	
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	Max.	10,000µF				
Output Capacitance	Тур.	4,300 µF			Built-in output capacitors	
Functional	DC OK Relay Contact	30V / 1A Max, resistive load			en the Vout ≥ 90% of adjusted voltage	



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Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Aluminium		
Dimensions (L x W x D)		124 x 40 x 117 mm		
Unit Weight		0.63 kg		
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK) and Red LED (Overload)		
Cooling System		Convection		
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 300V/35A)		
	Output	6 Pins (Rated 300V/28A)		
Wire	Input	AWG 18-8		
	Output	AWG 22-12		
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715		
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 40dBA		

Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-25°C to +70°C (Cold start -40)°C)	
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C		
Power De-rating	Vertical Mounting	> 60°C de-rate power by 2.5%	o/°C	
	Horizontal Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C		
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensin	g)	
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters for ITE application 0 to 2,500 Meters for Industrial application		
Shock Test (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-27, 30G (300m/S²) for a duration of 18ms, 2 times per direction, 6 times in total		
Vibration (Non-Operating)		IEC 60068-2-6, 10Hz to 500Hz @ 30m/S² (3G peak); 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction		
Bump Test (Operating)		IEC 60068-2-29, 10G (100m/S ²) for a duration of 11ms, 1,000 times per direction, 6,000 times in total		
Over Voltage Category		III	According to EN 50178 / EN 60204-1 (clearance and creepage distances) and IEC 62103 (safety part)	
Pollution Degree		2		



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Protections

Overvoltage	28.8 – 35.2V, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)	Refer to the details in the Function section		
Overload / Overcurrent	> 150% of rated load current, Constant current, Hiccup Mode (Auto-Recovery)	Refer to the details in the Function section		
Over Temperature	< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)	Refer to the details in the Function section		
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)	Load impedance ≤ 100mOhm, refer to the details in the Function section		
Transient Surge Voltage Protection	MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)			
Internal Fuse	T3.15A	T3.15A		
Degree of Protection	IP20	IP20		
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection	Class I with PE* connection		

^{*}PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

MTBF (as per Telcordia SR-332)	1,831,000 hrs.		I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 24V, 5A, Ta: 25°C	
976,000 hrs.		I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 24V, 5A, Ta: 40°C		
			_	
	100Vac	230Vac		
Expected Cap Life Time*	131,4	100hrs.	O/P: 24V, 5A, Ta: 25°C	
	105,121hrs	131,400hrs.	O/P: 24V, 5A, Ta: 40°C	
	131,4	100hrs.	O/P: 24V, 2.5A, Ta: 40°C	



^{*}Estimated lifetime when 24 hours operating a day and E-cap's manufacturer guarantee at 131,400 hrs (15 years) as maximum limit of lifetime.

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Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Equipments of Machines	EN 60204-1 (over vo	oltage category III)		
Electrical Equipment for Use in Electrical Power Installations	EN 50178 / IEC 6210	EN 50178 / IEC 62103		
Safety Entry Low Voltage	PELV (EN 60204), S	ELV (EN 60950)		
Electrical Safety	SIQ to EN 60950-1, EN 61010-2-201	EN 61558-1, EN 61558-2-16, EN 61010-1,		
	(File No. E191395)	to UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 60950-1, IEC 61558-1, IEC 61558-2-16, IEC 61010-1,		
	IEC 61010-2-201	00930-1, IEC 01330-1, IEC 01330-2-10, IEC 01010-1,		
Industrial Control Equipment	(File No. E315355),	UL/cUL listed to UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01		
Maritime	GL (Germanischer L	loyd) classified		
(pending)	ABS (American Bure Environmental categ	eau for Shipping) PDA ory: C, EMC2		
CE	In conformance with Low Voltage Directiv	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC (only AC input) and e 2006/95/EC		
Material and Parts	RoHS Directive 2011			
Galvanic Isolation	4.54KVac	Input / Output		
	2.5KVac	Input / PE		
	4.54KVac	Input / DC OK relay contact*		
	1.5KVac	Output / PE		
	0.5KVac	Output / DC OK relay contact		
	1.5KVac	DC OK relay contact / PE		
Isolation Resistance	> 5MOhm	Input to Output, 500Vdc		
PE Resistance	< 0.10hm			

^{*}Recommend to connect DC OK pins together with output pins.



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EMC

Emissions (CE & RE)	Generic Standards: EN 61000 CISPR 22, EN 55022, CISPR		Title 47: Class B	
Component Power Supply for General Use	er Supply for General EN 61204-3			
Immunity		EN 55024, EN 61000-6-2		
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV		
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1kHz) 1.4GHz-2GHz, 3V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz) 2GHz-2.7GHz, 1V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz)		
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ 4kV		
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ³⁾ : 4kV Differential Mode ⁴⁾ : 2kV		
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms		
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ 30A/Meter		
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	0% of 100Vac 0Vac,20ms Criteria A¹¹ 40% of 100Vac 40Vac, 200ms Criteria B²¹ 70% of 100Vac 70Vac, 500ms Criteria A¹¹ 0% of 200Vac 0Vac, 20ms Criteria A¹¹ 40% of 200Vac 80Vac, 200ms Criteria A¹¹ 70% of 200Vac 140Vac, 500ms Criteria A¹¹ 0% of 200Vac 0Vac, 5000ms Criteria B²²		
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ³⁾ : 2kV Differential Mode ⁴⁾ : 1kV		
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A		
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3		
Voltage Sag Immunity SEMI F47 – 0706		80% of 120Vac 70% of 120Vac 50% of 120Vac	96Vac, 1000ms 84Vac, 500ms 60Vac, 200ms	Criteria A ¹⁾ Criteria A ¹⁾ Criteria A ¹⁾

¹⁾ Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits

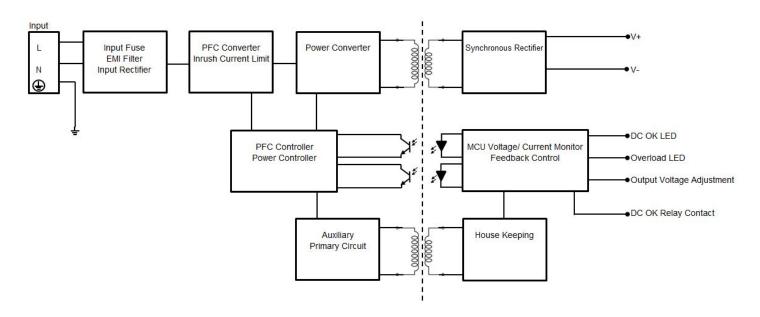


²⁾ Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable

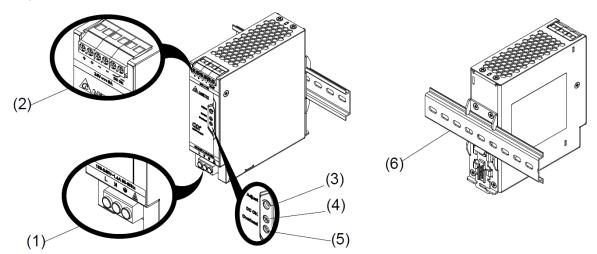
³⁾ Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth) 4) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

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Block Diagram



Device Description



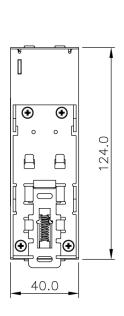
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output and DC OK relay contact terminal block connector
- 3) DC Voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK LED (Green)
- 5) Overload LED (Red)
- 6) Universal mounting rail system

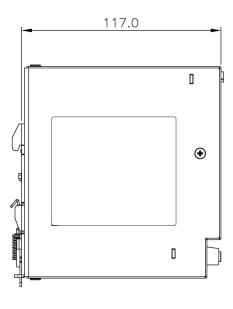


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Dimensions

L x W x D: 124 x 40 x 117 mm







Engineering Data

De-rating

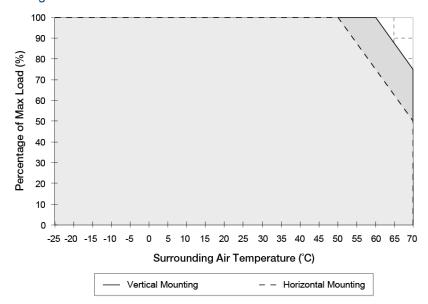


Fig. 5 De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation > 60°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

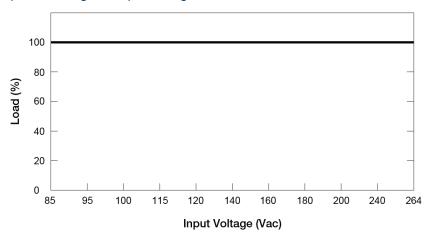
Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature >60°C (Vertical) or >50°C (Horizontal), the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- 4. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- 5. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please do not hesitate to contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



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Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage



No output power de-rating for the input voltage range from 85Vac to 264Vac

Assembly & Installation

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. For Vertical Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom. For Horizontal Mounting, the device should be installed with input terminal block on the left side.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail. Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.
- 5. To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

Mounting

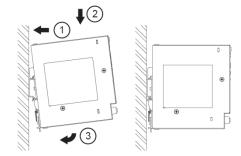


Fig. 6.1 Mounting

Dismounting

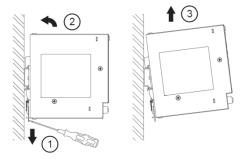


Fig. 6.2 Dismounting

In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 60950, flexible cables require ferrules. Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of:

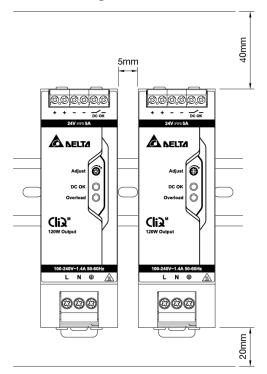
- 1. 60°C, 60°C / 75°C for USA
- 2. At least 90°C for Canada and IEC/EN61010-1, IEC/EN61010-2-201.



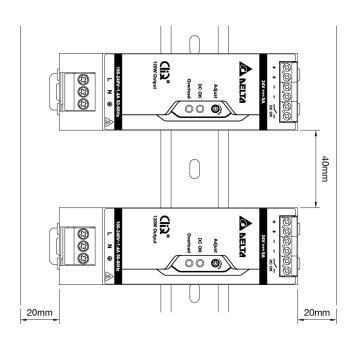
24V 120W 1 Phase / DRM-24V120W1PN

Safety Instructions

Vertical Mounting



Horizontal Mounting



- An easily accessible disconnecting device shall be provided to disconnect the unit from the mains supply for servicing.
- Switch main power off before connecting or disconnecting the device. Risk of explosion!
- If the unit is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, please refer to the following instructions to ensure sufficient clearance around the device.
 - <u>Vertical Mounting:</u> 40mm above and 20mm below the device as well as a lateral distance of 5mm to other units. In case the adjacent device is a heat source, the lateral distance will be 15mm.
 - Horizontal Mounting: 40mm above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 20mm to other units.
- The external enclosure where the unit will be installed shall meet the requirements for mechanical, electrical and fire enclosure.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply.
 Risk of burns!
- The main power must be turned off before connecting or disconnecting wires to the terminals.
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Dangerous voltages present for at least 5 minutes after disconnected wires to the terminals.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.



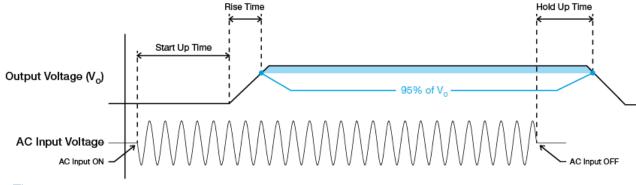
24V 120W 1 Phase / DRM-24V120W1PN

Functions

DC OK Relay Contacts and LED Indicator Characteristics

CliQ M Status	DC OK (Green LED)	Overload (Red LED)	DC OK Relay Contact
Normal Operation	ON	OFF	Closed
During Power Boost	ON	OFF	Closed
Overload (Vout ≤ 90% of adjusted voltage)	OFF	ON	Open
Output Short Circuit	OFF	ON	Open
Over Temperature	OFF	Flashing	Open
No Input Power	OFF	OFF	Open

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage before output voltage rise up, after the input voltage is applied.

Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage start to change from 0% to 90% of its set value.

Hold-up Time

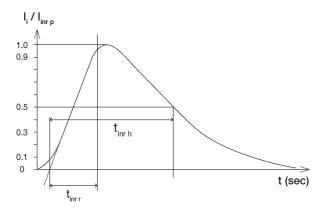
Hold up time is the time when the AC input collapses and output voltage retains regulation for a certain period of time. The time required for the output to reach 95% of its set value, after the input voltage is removed.



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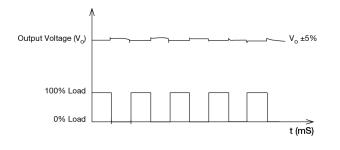
Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



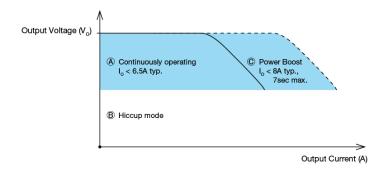
Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within ±5% of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 100% of its rated current.



Overload & Overcurrent Protections

The power supply's Overcurrent Protection (OCP) will be activated when output current is > 8A typ. In such occurrence, the V_0 will start to droop (refer to e and output current will limit to 6.5A typ. after 7sec, refer to e) and once the output voltage is below 11Vdc typ., the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OCP is removed and lo is back within the specifications.

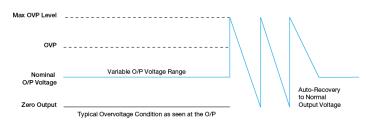


Short Circuit Protection

The power supply's output Short Circuit Protection function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode". The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overvoltage Protection

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



Over Temperature Protection

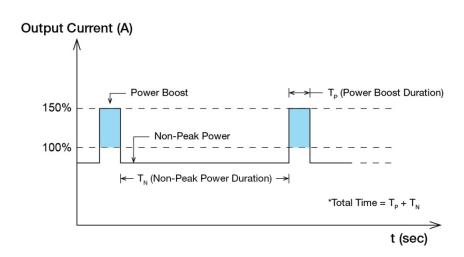
As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.



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Power Boost

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 150% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 5 seconds. The Power Boost is available repetitive, provided average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed the continuous maximum operating condition, see duty cycle calculation below.



$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non\text{-}Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Non\text{-}Peak\ Power = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

■ An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W _P)	Power Boost Duration (T _P)	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W _N)	Non-Peak Power Duration (T _N)	Total Time (T)
150%	180	5 sec	10%	113W	45 sec	50 sec
150%	180	5 sec	35%	88W	9.3 sec	14.3 sec
120%	144	10 sec	20%	114W	40 sec	50 sec
120%	144	10 sec	35%	107W	18.5 sec	28.5 sec

It is not recommended to extend the duration of Power Boost to be longer than the specified duty cycle calculation, this may cause damage to the PSU.



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Advanced Power Boost (APB)

With multiple loads connected in a system and due to one of fault load a large outrush current is drawn (demanded), this will be detected by APB. This APB will trip the circuit breaker (circuit breaker with appropriate rating base on the system load) on the current path of faulty load due to high current. This thus prevents the system from shutting down while the other connected current paths continue to operate without interruption.

The following waveforms demonstrate the typical output voltage and output current when APB is activated.

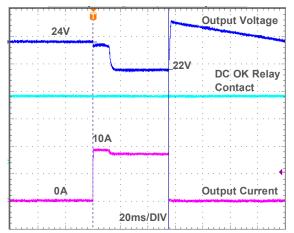


Fig. 7.1 APB 200% of nominal output current for 50ms

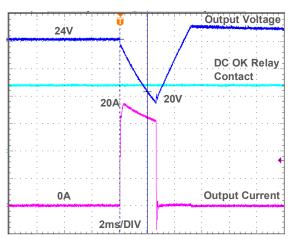


Fig. 7.2 APB 400% of nominal output current for 2ms

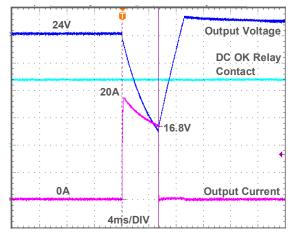


Fig. 7.3 APB 400% of nominal output current for 5ms



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Operating Mode

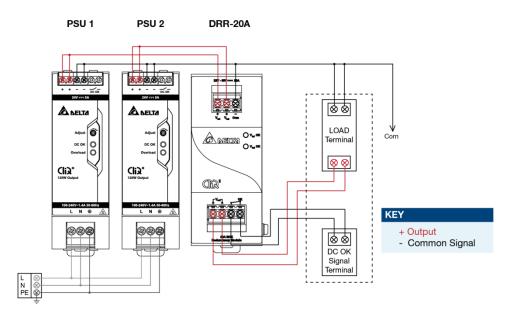


Fig. 8 Redundancy / Parallel Operation Connection Diagram

■ Redundancy Operation

In order to ensure proper redundancy operation for the power supply unit (PSU), ensure that the output voltage difference between the two units is kept at 0.45~0.50V for 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to verify:

Step 1

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then Vo of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2.

In order to set the output voltage, connect the power supply to 50% load and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

Step 2

Connect the right DRR module, 20A as per the system requirement to the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 at V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2 respectively.

Step 3

Connect the system load from V_{out} . Please note that output voltage V_{out} from DRR module will be = V_O (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^* (in DRR module).

Parallel Operation

These DRR modules can also be used for Parallel function in order to increase the output power by N+1 (e.g. 2.5A + 2.5A = 5A or 2.5A + 2.5A = 7.5A) or current sharing, and thus increasing the power supply and system reliability. Though the DRM-24V120W1PN is not designed for current sharing, a good current sharing between two power supplies can be achieved by following simple steps as below (Refer to Fig. 8 for the Connection Diagram).

Step 1.

Set output load condition for both supplies at 50% and measure the output voltages.

Step 2.

Adjust output voltages to the same level or within ±25mV difference.

Step 3.

Connect PSU 1 and PSU 2 with the DRR-20A module and measure at V_{in} 1 & V_{in} 2 to verify the voltage difference. Ensure the voltages are within $\pm 25 \text{mV}$.

Step 4.

Output voltage from DRR module V_{out} will be = V_{O} (output voltage of power supply) – V_{drop}^{*} (in DRR module).

^{*}V_{drop} will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.



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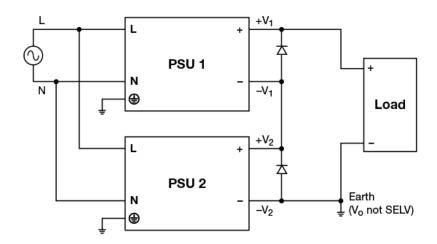
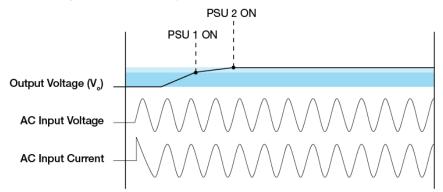


Fig. 9 Series Operation Connection Diagram

Series Operation

Delta's CliQ M can be connected in series to increase the output voltage as shown in figure above. Power supply from the same product series only be used and with the same rated output current. The maximum load current should not exceed the smallest rated output current. Any number of power supplies can be connected in series, user must note that output voltage > 60Vdc will not meet SELV requirements and could be dangerous to user, the total voltage shall not exceed 150Vdc. Installation a protection against the touching is a must and connect the output ground to earth when output voltage is not SELV. A diode in reverse bias must be added across output terminals of each power supply, this is to prevent -V voltage being applied to other power supply in fault conditions such as short circuit across load. During short circuit -V₁ & +V₁ will come across +V₂ & -V₂ which means connecting 2 power supplies in opposite polarity and may cause damage to power supply. With reverse bias diodes in place the voltage across each power supply will be restricted to one diode drop – approximately 0.7V to 1.0V. It is recommended to provide sufficient de-rating for diodes use 2 times the voltage rating of series output voltage. E.g. the two 24V power supplies are connected in series, the total voltage is 48 volts. Hence, recommended to use diodes with reverse voltage rating of 2x48=96 volts. Therefore diodes with reverse voltage rating of 100 volts can be used.

During the short circuit condition, the current through diodes will be large, hence it is recommended that diodes to be least twice the current rating of the power supply.



The turn ON would be non-monotonic as the power supply with the fastest startup time and rise time will turn on first. As a result, the startup waveform with 2 power supplies connected in series would see a step.

User must consider to verify parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time would differ from datasheet numbers as multiple power supplies in series.



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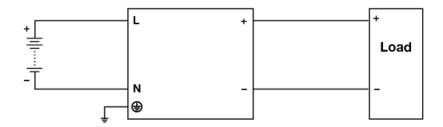


Fig. 10 DC Input Operation Connection Diagram

■ DC Input Operation

Step 1.

Use a battery or similar DC source.

Step 2

Connect +pole to L and -pole to N.

Step 3.

Connect the PE terminal to an earth wire or to the machine ground.

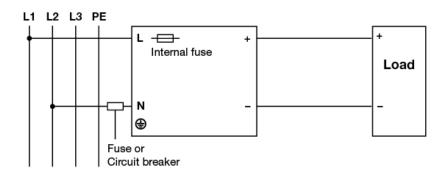


Fig. 11 2 of 3 Phase System Input Operation Connection Diagram

■ 2 of 3 Phase System Input Operation

Delta's CliQ M can use on 2 of 3 phase system. Please refer to the following step.

Step 1.

The supplying voltage is below the maximum rated input. The input voltage shall be below 240Vac +10%.

Step 2.

The external protector is needed on N input line to secure a safety. N line has no protection of a fuse internally. An appropriate fuse or circuit breaker should be connected on N input line like the following.



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Others

Delta RoHS Compliant



Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

Conformal Coating



The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

